Beware of The Trouble Areas in 14001/18001:

Addressing those Grey Areas causing Problems

by

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- To identify a selection of trouble areas that are causing difficulties in implementing the ISO 14001 and / or OHSAS... reflecting
- Differences in the intent of the standards
- In interpretation of the standards, and
- Hot spots in application
- Particularly relating to integrated ISO 14001 / OSHAS systems
- Experienced by organizations....and auditors



In integrated systems:

Trouble / confusion in establishing significance:

- **EMS Methodology for Significance determination**
- **OHSAS simple risk assessment**
- Confusion in the ranking of what is considered significant caused by the methodology



- EMS: In identification of significant aspects, risk assessment (PxC) is just one component of several ranking factors
- Whereas, in OHSAS significance is based on level of Risk and Need for Control only: including
 - Hazard identification
 - Evaluation of risk with control measures in place
 - Residual risk
 - Assessment of tolerability of residual risk
 - Identification of additional risk control needs
 - Evaluation whether risk control measures are sufficient



Integrated systems

OHSAS: designed to control hazards including hazards to human injury or ill health,

but also includes

- Damage / loss to property
- **Equipment**
- Workplace environment / infrastructure

9001 designed to control the deterioration of product

EMS does not include reference to damage / loss of property, equipment or infrastructure



Overlap of Environmental versus OH&S

- Grey Area: areas of overlap with EMS and OH&S
- With ISO 14001 organizations will want to exclude particular area e.g., WHMIS training, or emergency response other than strictly environmental response, or impacts internal to the building.
- But, the definition of Environment includes
 - "surroundings in which an organization operates including air, water, land, natural resources, flora, fauna, humans and their interrelation"



- **EMS** covers a number of areas similar to OHSAS:
 - WHMIS
 - Emergency Response
 - Chemicals
 - Hazardous material management

With requirements for equipment, protective ware, and training



- Discussions revolve around "Where do we draw the line?" in issues of:
 - emergency response
 - Hazardous material programs (e.g.., PCBs, asbestos)
 - Environmental impact internal versus external to the building
- Typically, only those that are strictly OH&S issues are excluded from EMS...e.g., ergonomic issues, accident/injury to body, repetitive strain.....where no overlap with the environmental issues.



Non-conformances:

- OHSAS: Risk assessment process must be used in the Corrective Action process (Clause 4.5.4..... proposed corrective and preventative actions shall be reviewed through the risk assessment process prior to implementation).
- ISO 14001risk assessment is not required for addressing non-conformances.



Internal Audits:

What is expected:

a) Grey Area:

To assess conformance to".Planned Arrangements'

Organizations do not clearly understand this requirement

b) Trouble Area-

For OHSAS: audits not based on the results of risk assessment

For EMS: audits not based on areas of **Environmental Importance**



Grey and Troubled Area: Training

ISO 14001: 2004 has moved beyond the OHSAS 18001:1999 regarding training

- Potential conflict in an integrated system
- EMS now requires training "for persons working for it or on its behalf aware of....." i.e., includes contractors etc outside of company personnel.
- 18001 refers to training of workplace personnel, however,
 - 18001 (4.4.3) Communication requires communication of pertinent OH&S information to and frominterested parties e.g., contractors, visitors, volunteers



- Awareness of potential issues is the first line of defense
- Auditors: fore-warned is to be fore-armed as an effective auditor
- Organizations: heads-up for planning and implementing a robust system